

ECET 4530

Industrial Motor Control

Relay Logic Example Problem

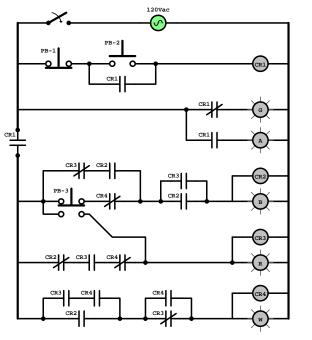
The concept of **relay logic** involves the utilization of multiple relays that are wired together in a specific manner in order to create the interactive switching function that is required to provide the desired operational logic for a control circuit.

In addition to relays, relay logic circuits often incorporate a variety of other logic devices that also provide on/off switching functions, such as switches, pushbuttons and timers.

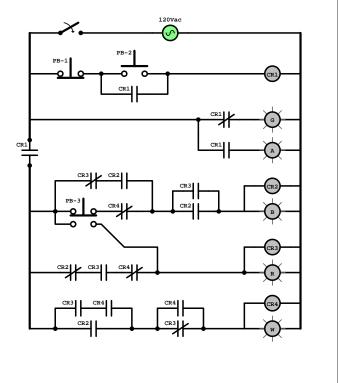
This presentation provides a step-by-step analysis of the operation of a relay-logic control circuit that contains:

- Four control relays
- Three **pushbuttons**
- Five indicator lamps
- One single-position switch

upon which a series of pushbutton presses and releases will be preformed.



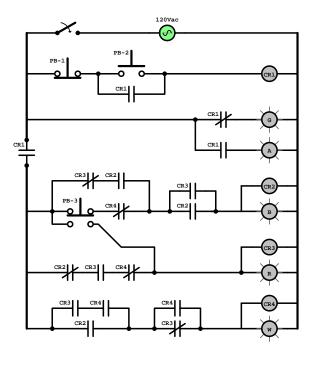
But, instead of simply just reading through this presentation and trying to follow along with the analysis, **it is suggested that the viewers** of this presentation first **attempt to predict the operation of the system** step-by-step, and then utilize the analysis provided within to identify any points of confusion for which they might want to seek assistance.



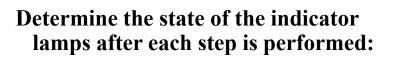


Note that a **full-page** version of the **circuit** is provided at the end of this presentation.

Viewers may find it useful to print several copies of the circuit, upon which they can make notations to help keep track of the state of each relay as the steps are performed.







<u>Step 1</u>: Flip Power Switch ON

Step 2: Press PB-2

Step 3: Release PB-2

Step 4: Press PB-3

Step 5: Release PB-3

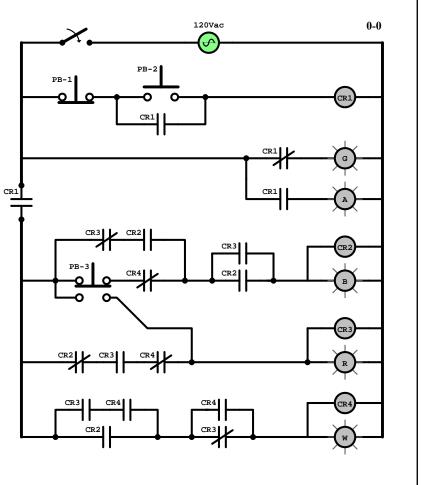
Step 6: Press PB-3 (2nd Time)

Step 7: Release PB-3 (2nd Time)

Step 8: Press PB-1

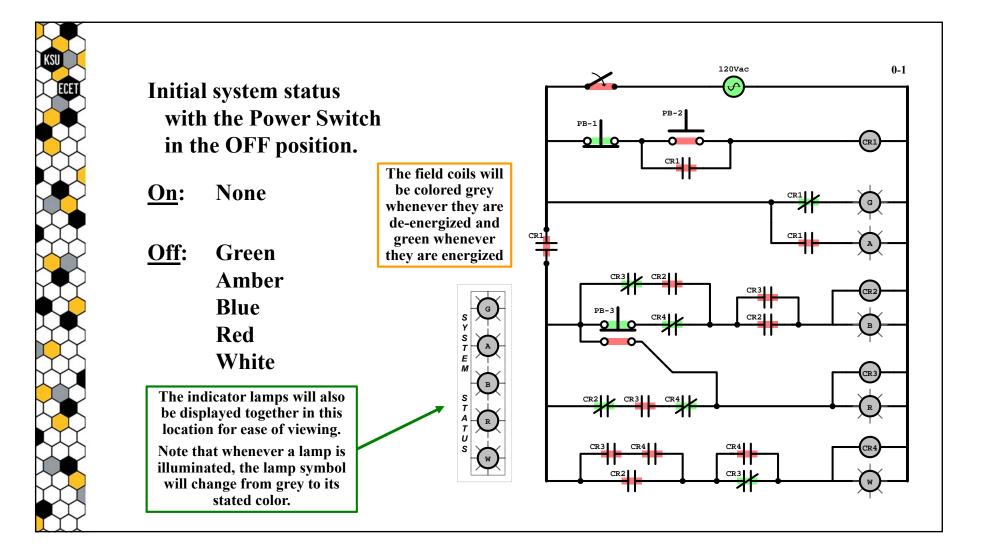
Step 9: Release PB-1

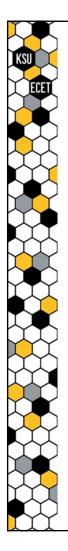
Step 10: Flip Power Switch OFF



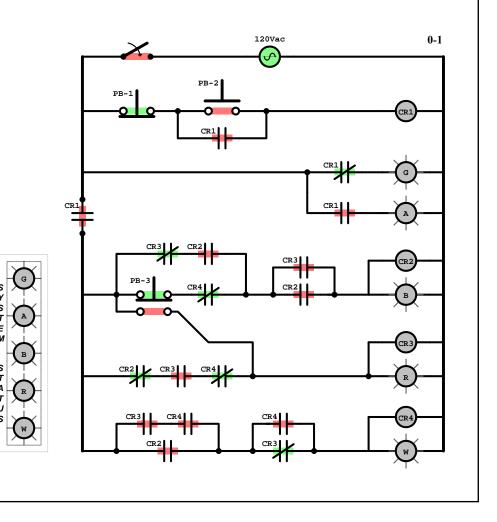
Analysis Notes:

- Logic devices will always be shown in their normal positions.
- In order to identify the current state of each logic device, a green bar (
 will be placed behind a device if that device will allow the flow of current
 at a particular point in time, while a red bar (
 will be placed behind
 that device if it would prevent the flow of current.
- Since there is a delay between the time that a field coil is (de)energized and the time that its associated contacts actuate (drop-out), a change in the state of a relay's field coil will be shown as an independent event on one slide, after which the change of state of that relay's contacts will be shown on the next slide.
- To help identify which devices experience a change of state from slide to slide, a blue box () will be placed behind a device to denote a change of state compared to that displayed on the previous slide.
- After each step is performed and steady-state operation is achieved, the status of the indicator lamps will be summarized.

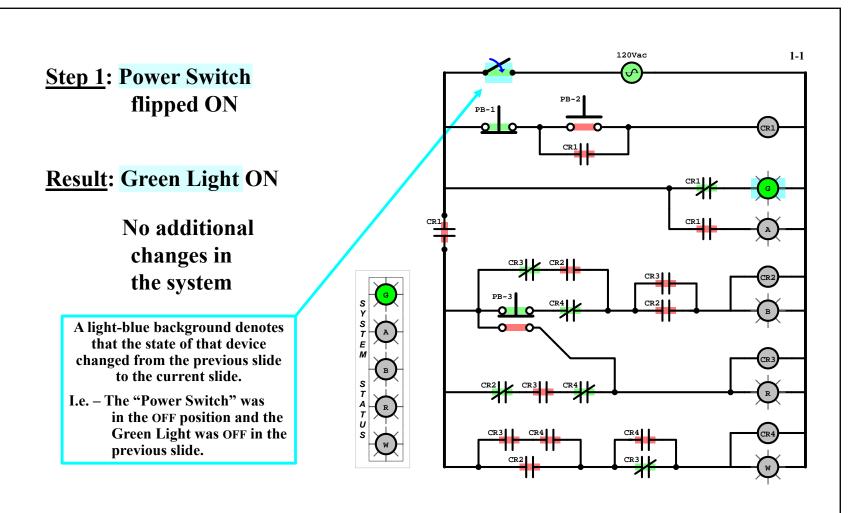


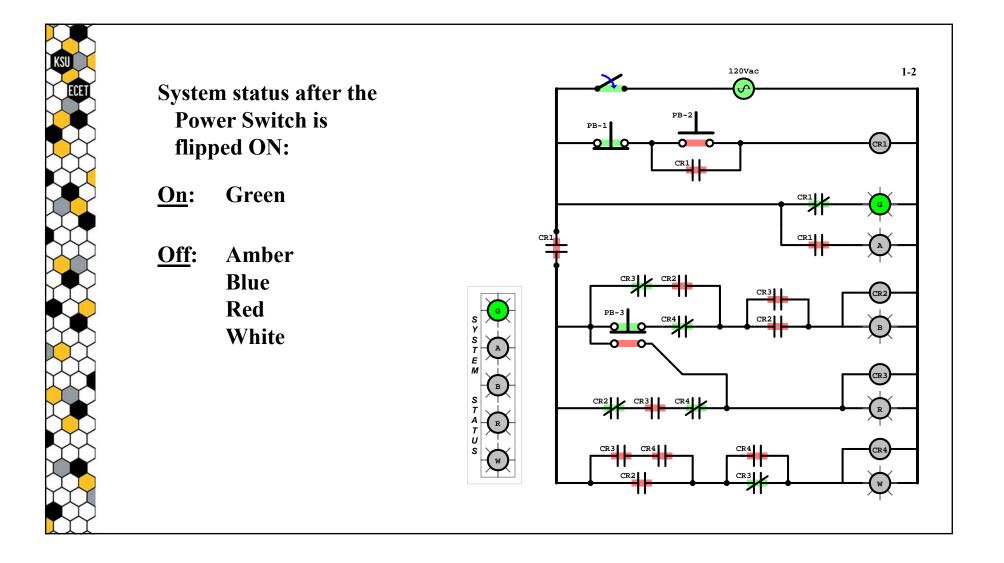


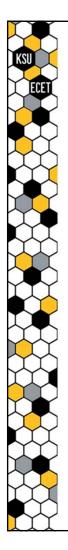
Step 1: Power Switch flipped ON



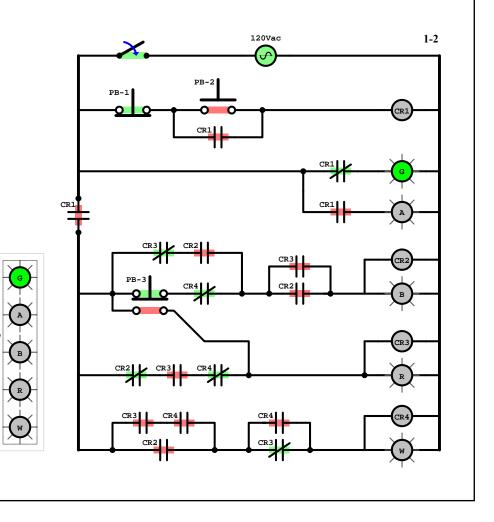


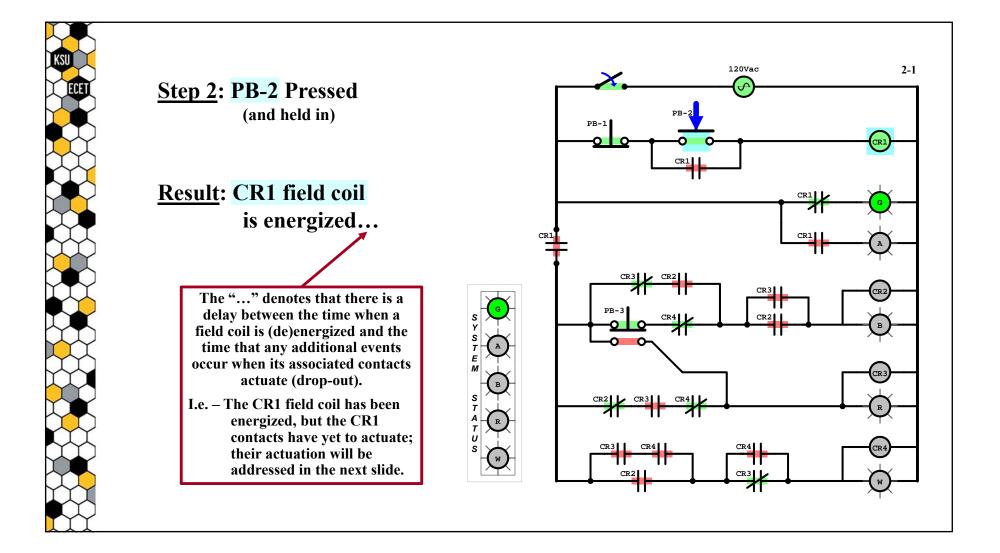


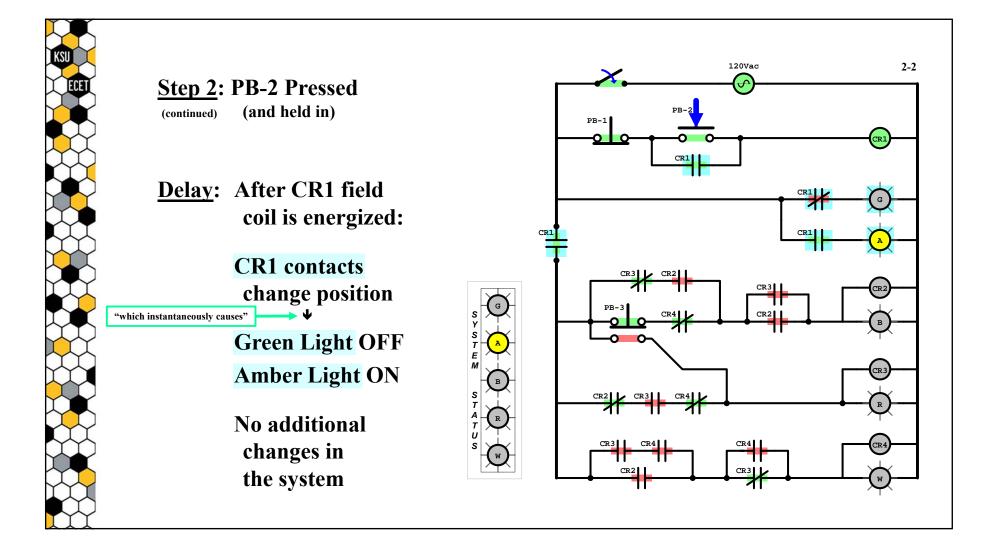


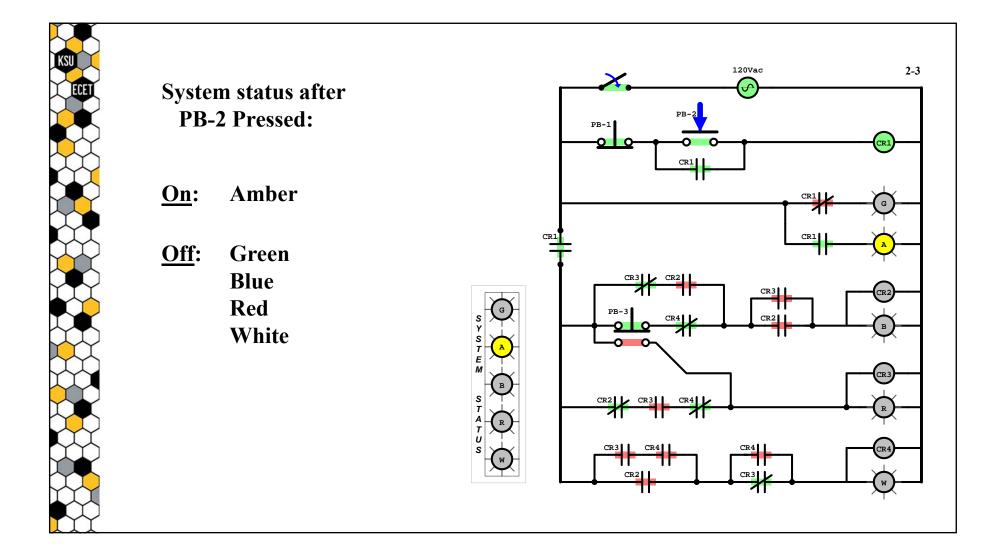


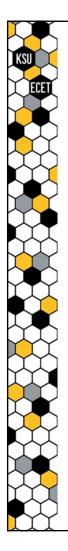
Step 2: PB-2 Pressed (and held in)



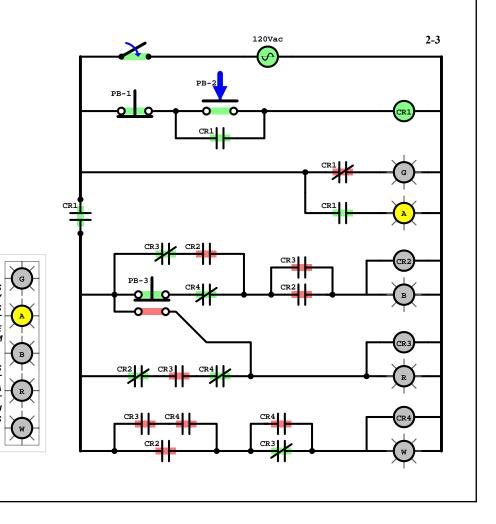




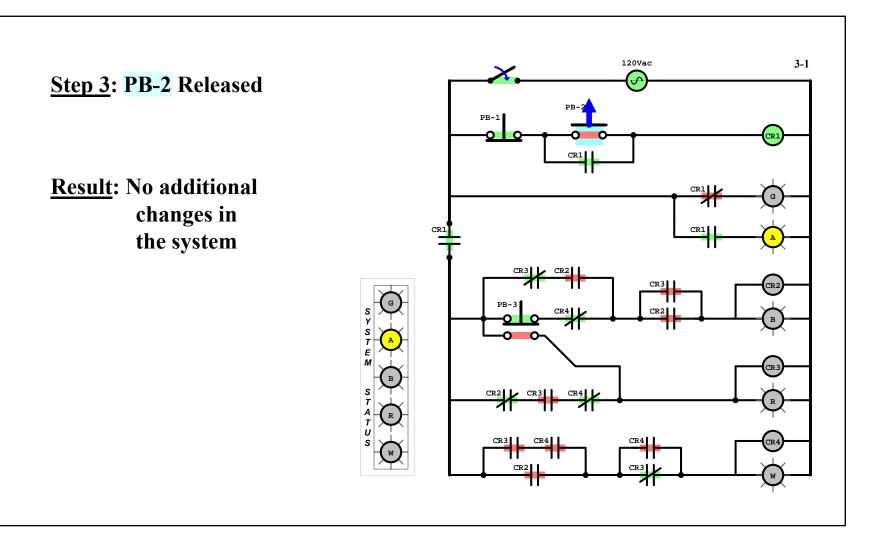


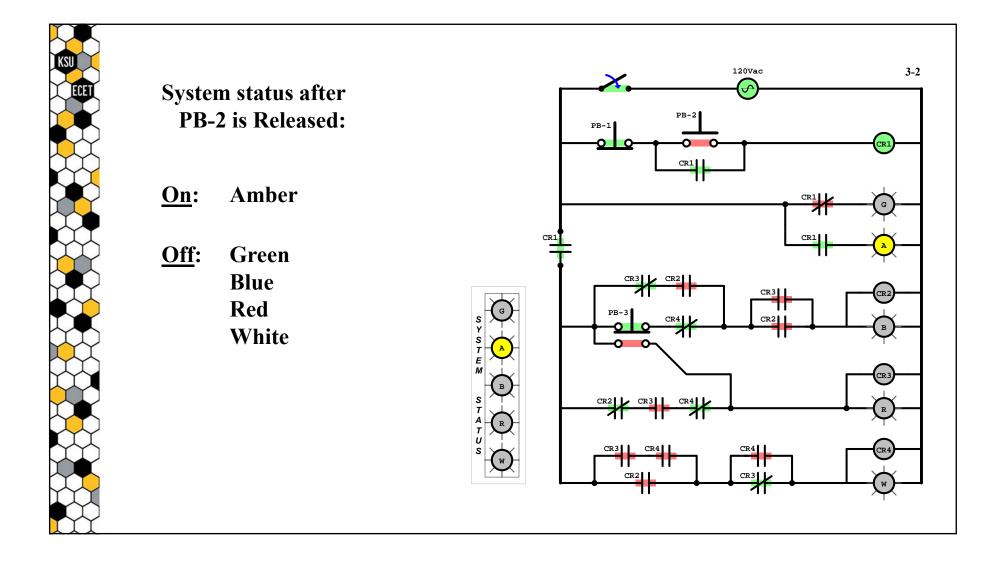


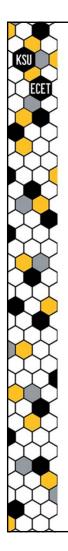
Step 3: PB-2 Released



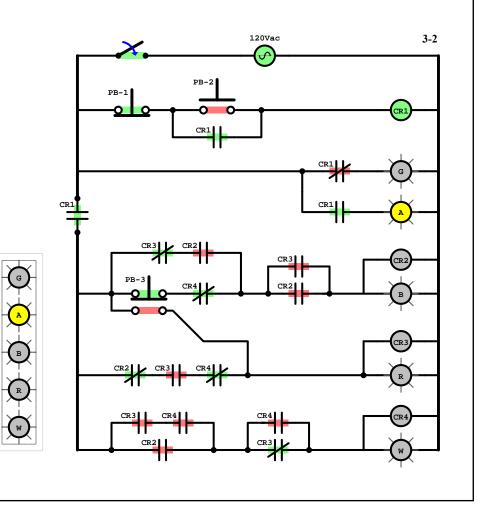


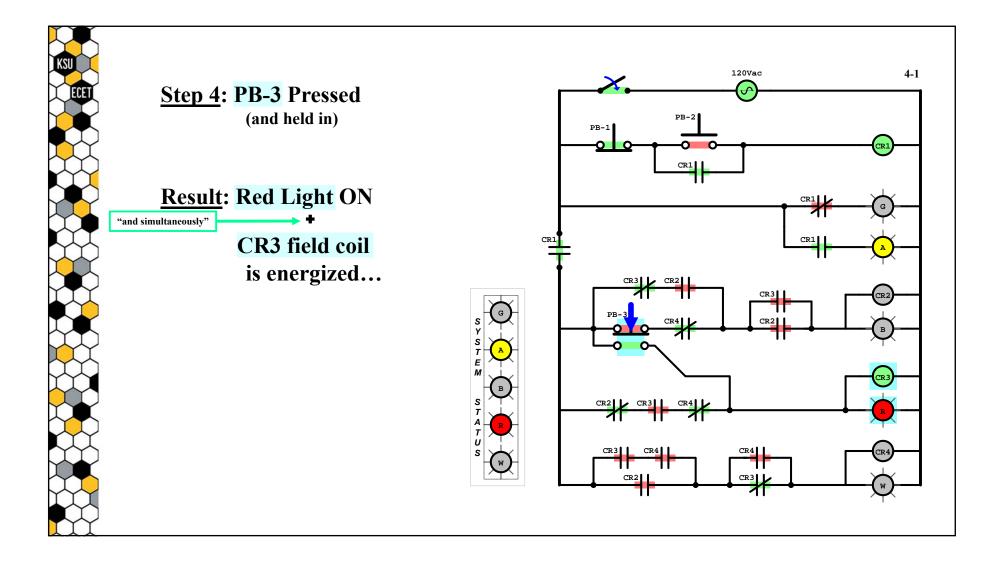






Step 4: PB-3 Pressed (and held in)





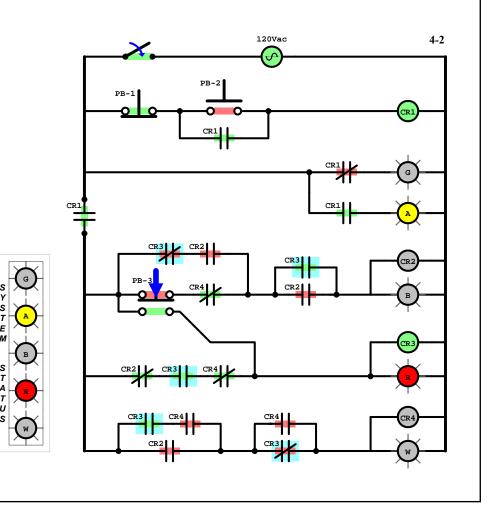


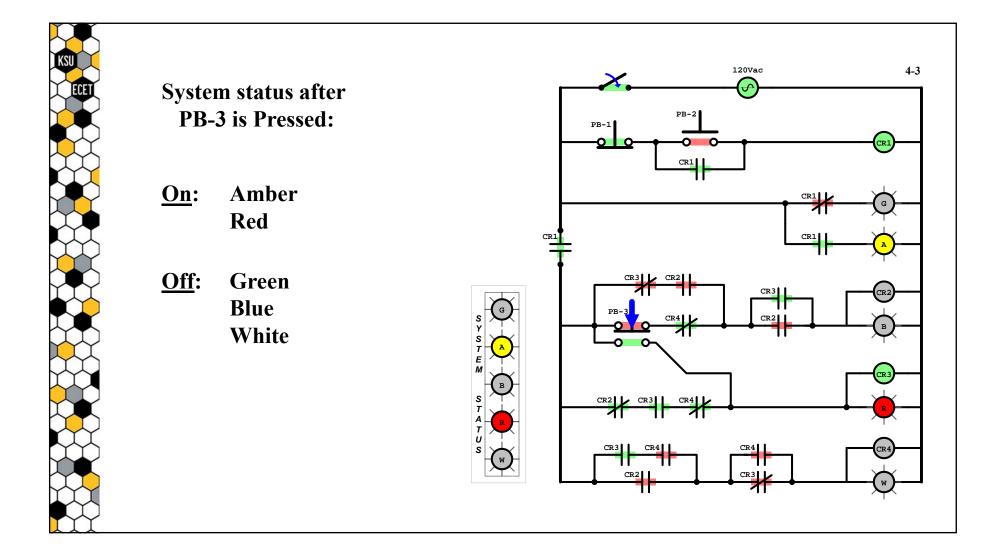
Step 4: PB-3 Pressed (continued) (and held in)

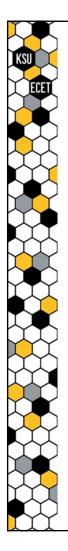
<u>Result</u>: After CR3 field coil is energized:

CR3 contacts change position

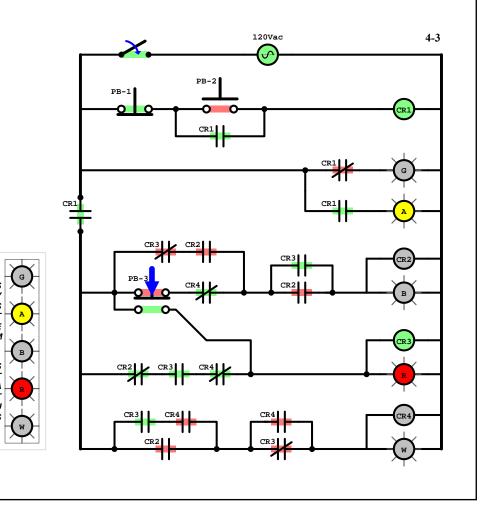
No additional changes in the system



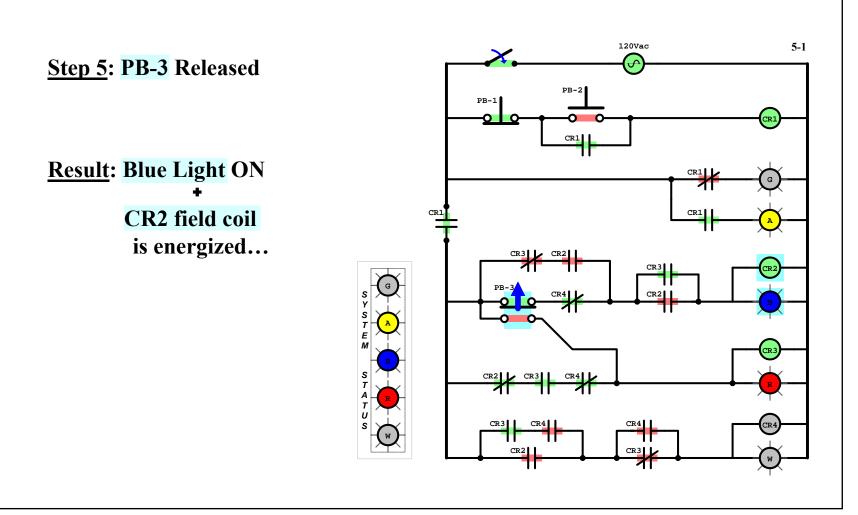


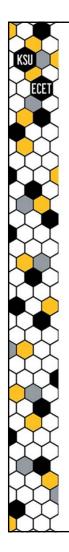


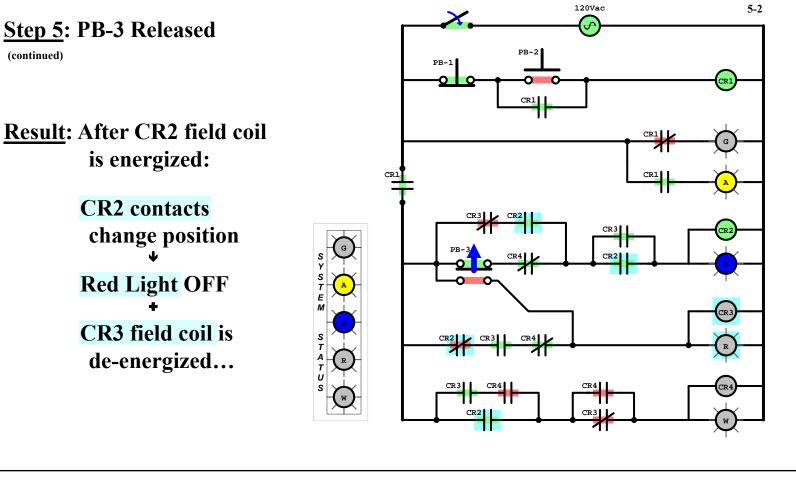
Step 5: PB-3 Released

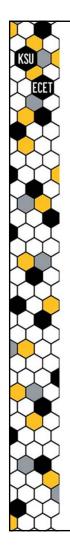


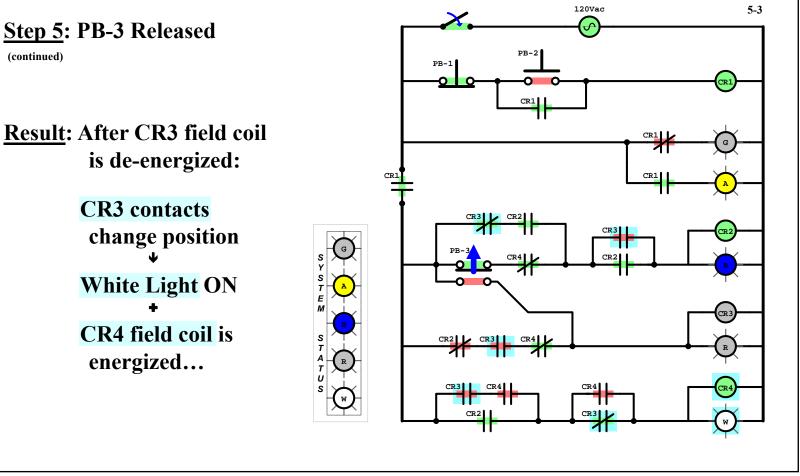




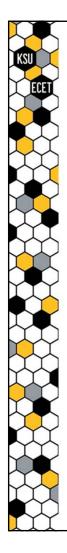


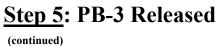






(continued)



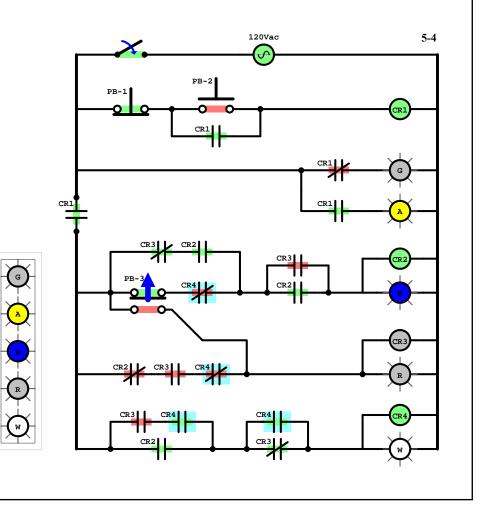


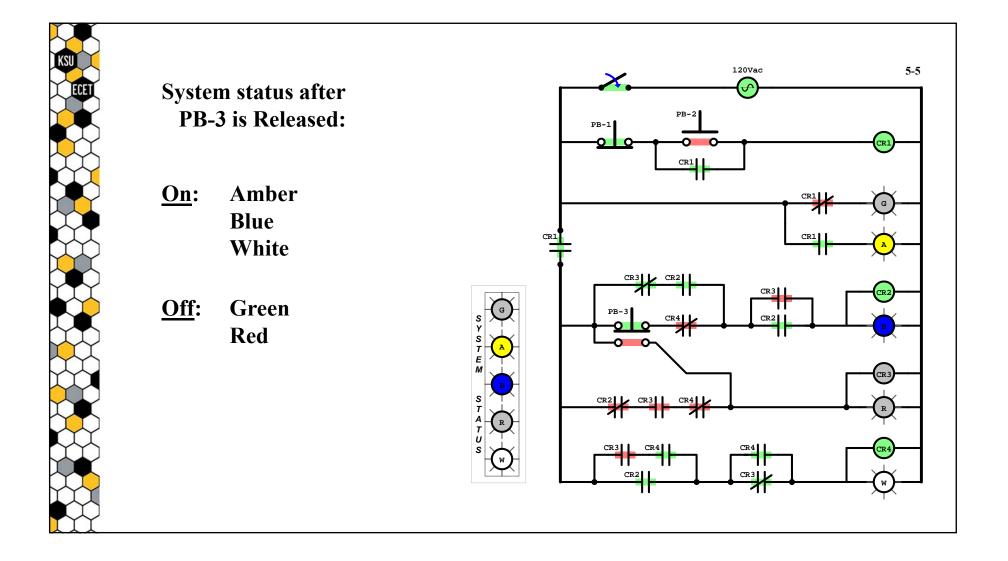
(continueu)

<u>Result</u>: After CR4 field coil is energized:

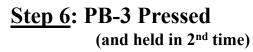
CR4 contacts change position

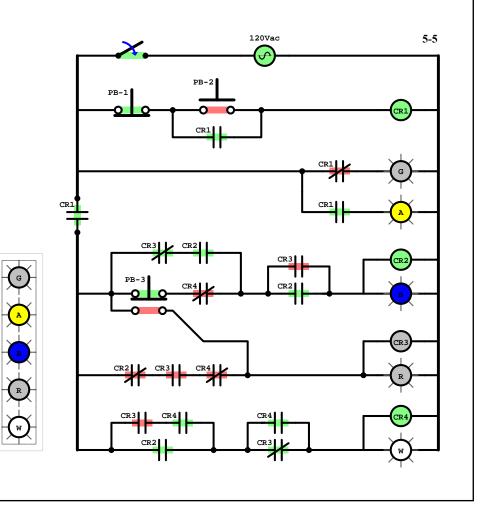
No additional changes in the system



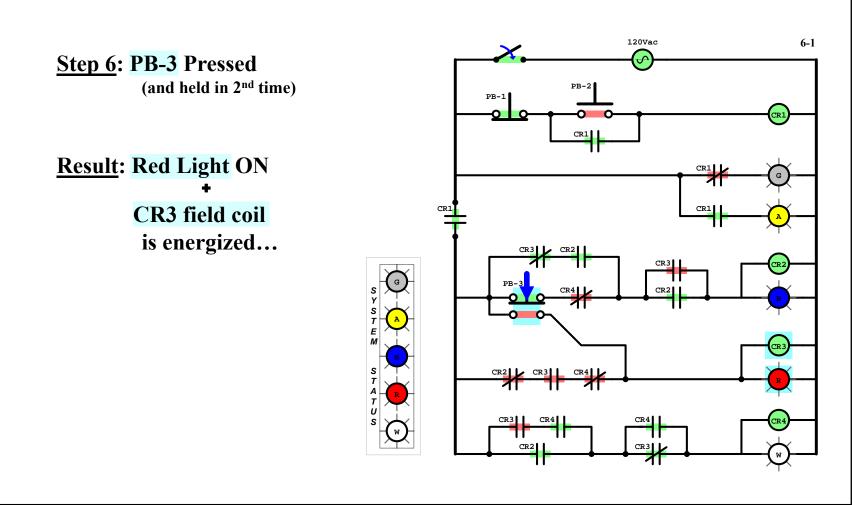


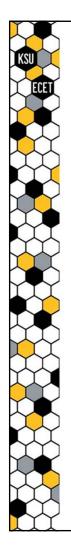












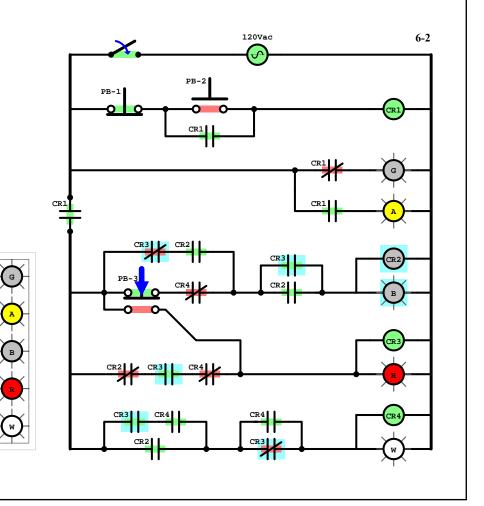
Step 6: PB-3 Pressed (continued) (and held in 2nd time)

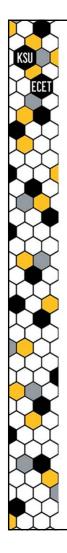
<u>Result</u>: After CR3 field coil is energized:

CR3 contacts change position

Blue Light OFF

CR2 field coil is de-energized...



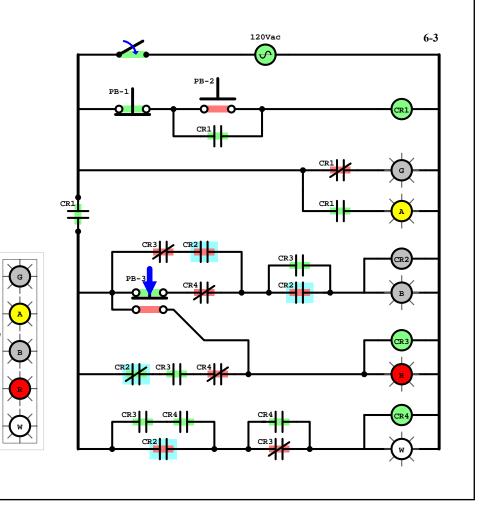


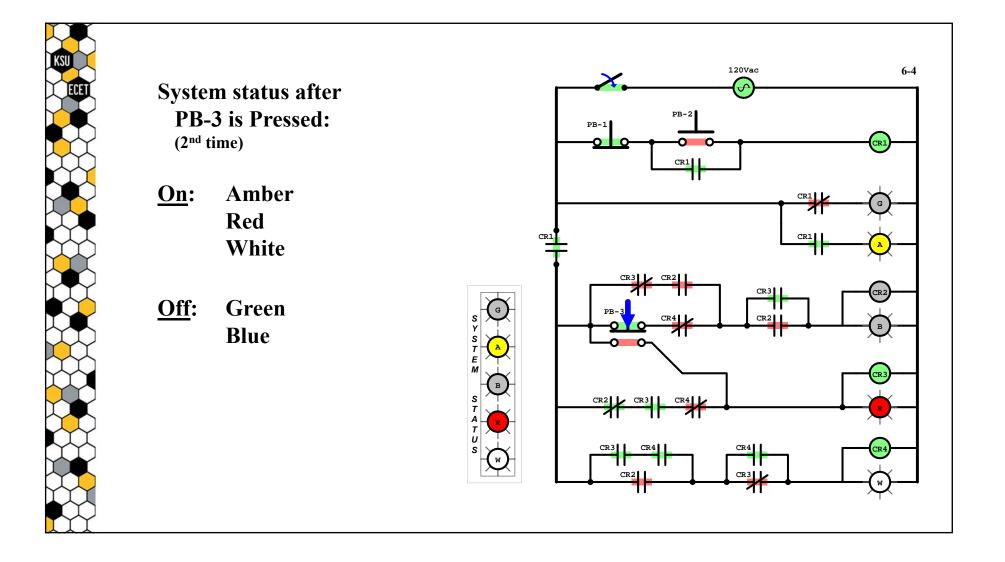
Step 6: PB-3 Pressed (continued) (and held in 2nd time)

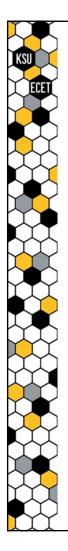
<u>Result</u>: After CR2 field coil is de-energized:

> CR2 contacts change position

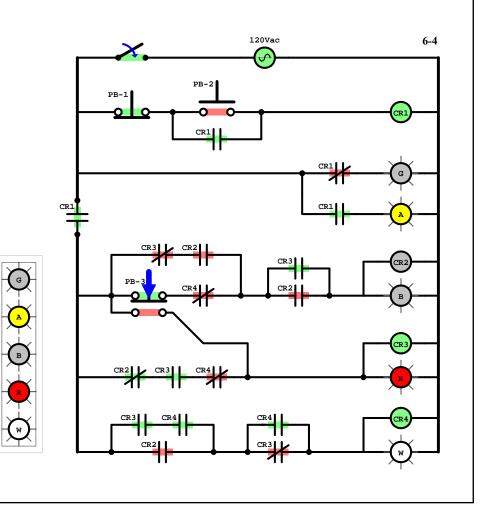
No additional changes in the system



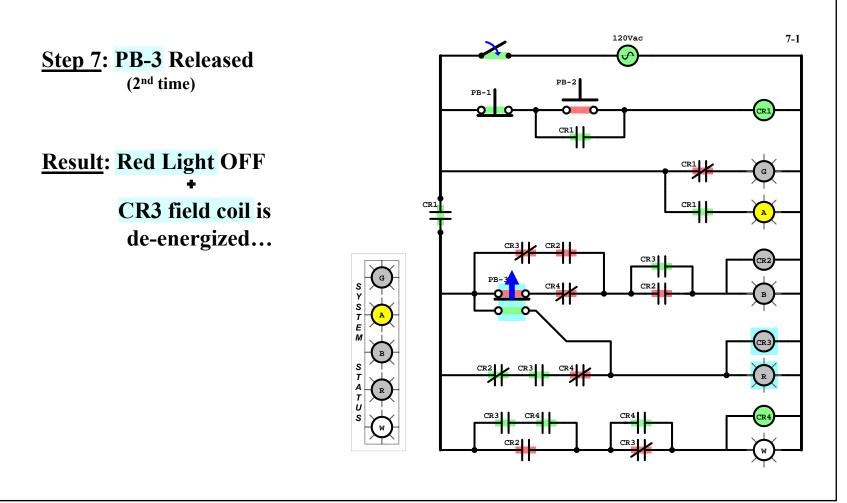




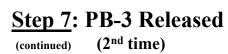
Step 7: PB-3 Released (2nd time)





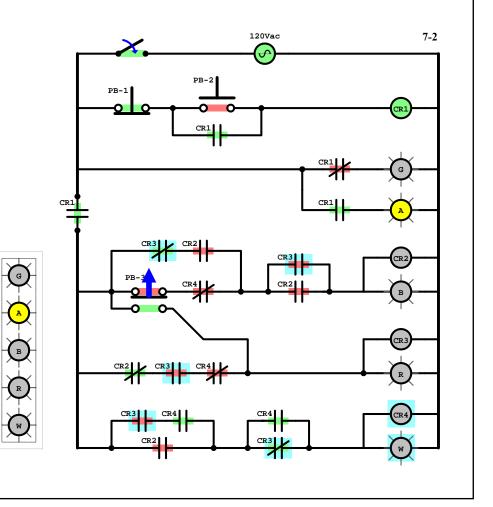


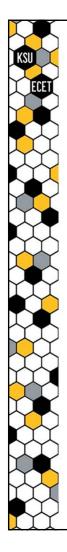




<u>Result</u>: After CR3 field coil is de-energized:

CR3 contacts change position * White Light OFF + CR4 field coil is de-energized...



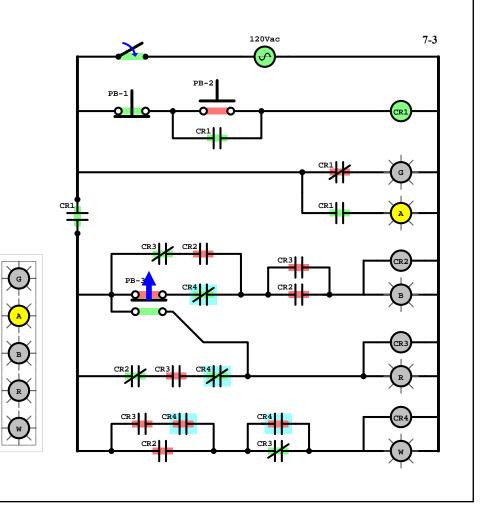


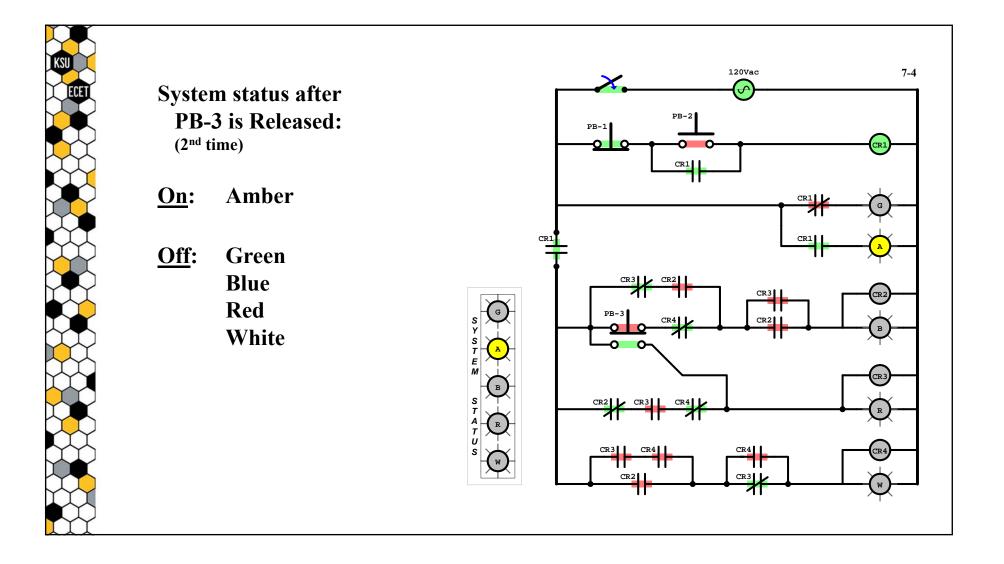
Step 7: PB-3 Released (continued) (2nd time)

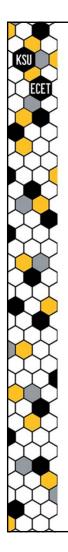
<u>Result</u>: After CR4 field coil is de-energized:

CR4 contacts change position

No additional changes in the system

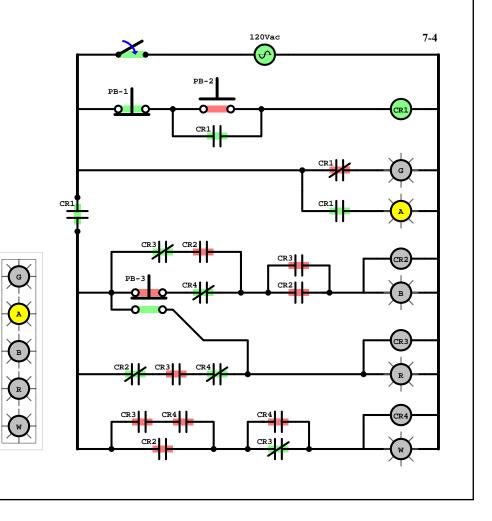


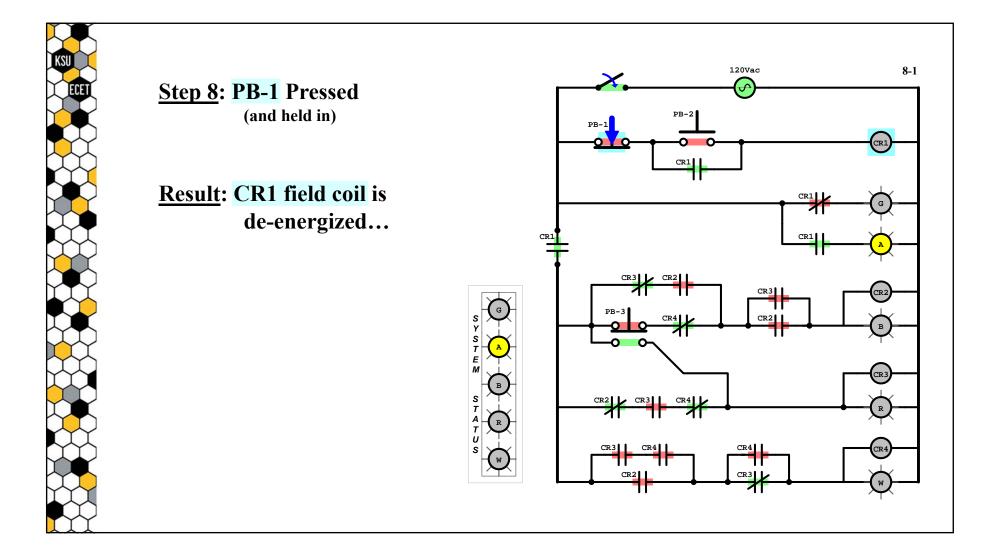




Step 8: PB-1 Pressed (and held in)

Attempt to predict the result before viewing the next slides.







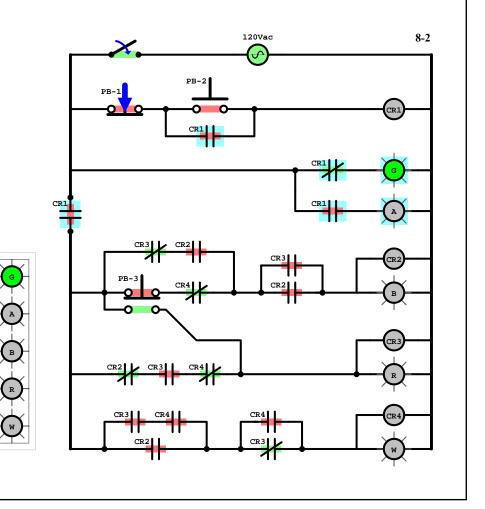
Step 8: PB-1 Pressed (continued) (and held in)

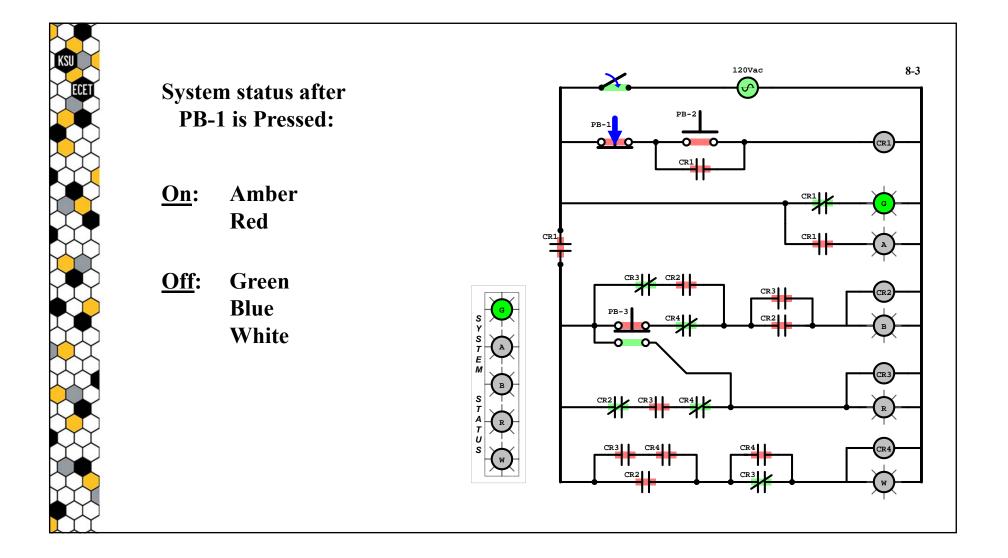
<u>Result</u>: After CR1 field coil is de-energized:

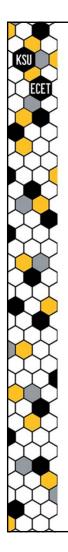
> CR1 contacts change position

Green Light ON Amber Light OFF

No additional changes in the system

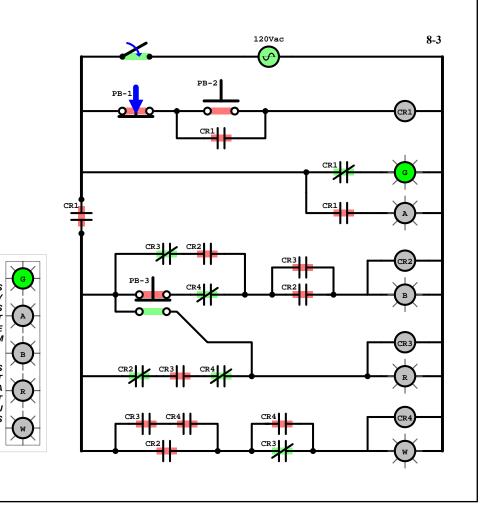




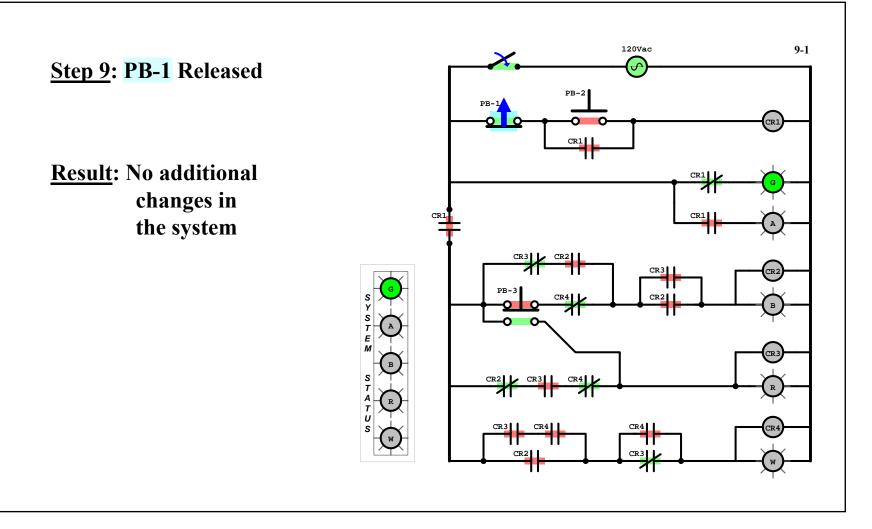


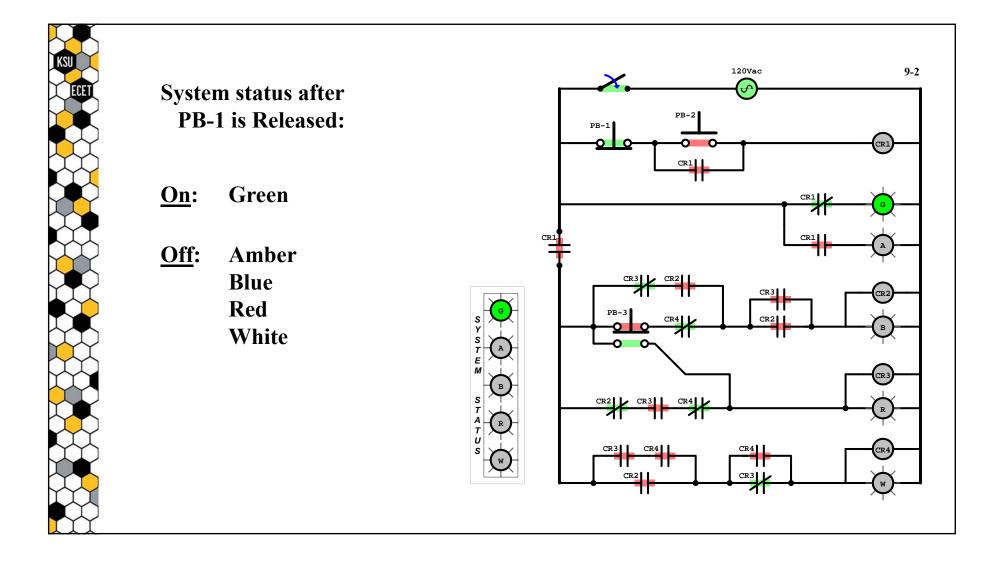
Step 9: PB-1 Released

Attempt to predict the result before viewing the next slides.











Step 10: Power Switch flipped OFF

Attempt to predict the result before viewing the next slides.

